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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/553,452	04/19/2000	Earl D. Koch	P3094	3887
23452 75	590 06/04/2003			
PATENT DEPARTMENT LARKIN, HOFFMAN, DALY & LINDGREN, LTD. 1500 WELLS FARGO PLAZA 7900 XERXES AVENUE SOUTH BLOOMINGTON, MN 55431			EXAMINER	
			FLORIO, KRISTINE MARIE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		3671	
			DATE MAILED: 06/04/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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,	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summany	09/553,452	KOCH, EARL D.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Kristine M. Florio	3671					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 f</u>	<u> March 2003</u> .						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Th	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims	Expanto duayro, 1000 0.5. 11,						
4) Claim(s) <u>25-27,29,30,32,35,36 and 39</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-27,29,30,32,35,36,39</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 25, 26, 29, 32, and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaftner (US Patent 5,308,188) in view of Rech (US Patent 4,373;306).

Shaftner discloses a temporary protective ramp (10, figure 1) for use on a roadway under construction that has a roadway surface and an obstruction elevated above the roadway surface at a height corresponding to an expected elevation of the roadway upon completion of construction. The ramp has a substantially horizontal lower surfaced which contacts the roadway surface during use and an upper surface (11, figure 2) which is inclined downwardly from a first edge at an apex of the ramp to a second edge. The apex has a predetermined height substantially the same as the height of the elevated obstruction above the roadway surface.

Shaftner discloses the claimed invention except for making the ramp from a plurality of segments. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the ramp from a plurality of segments, since it has been held that making an old device portable or movable without producing any new and unexpected result involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Lindberg*, 93 USPQ 23 (CCPA 1952). Regarding the complimentary coupling formations, Rech discloses that it is known in the art to provide the device in segments having complimentary coupling formations (figure 1; column 2, lines 17-27) in order to make the device portable for temporary use in the desired form needed at the time of construction. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the

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invention was made to provide the ramp of Shaftner with the sections of Rech with the teaching of *In re Lindberg*, in order to make the device portable for temporary use in the desired form needed at the time of construction.

With respect to claims 26 and 29, a ratio of 1:20 (i.e., a 5% grade) is common in roadways and related structures in order to accommodate a desired or necessary elevation change while providing an angle easily negotiated by design vehicles. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use this specific grade if perhaps the obstruction was on a road with a high speed limit and a small impact to a passing vehicle was desired.

Regarding the additional ramp segments of claim 29, using the logic detailed above in the rejection of claim 25, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the ramp from a plurality of segments, since it has been held that making an old device portable or movable without producing any new and unexpected result involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Lindberg*, 93 USPQ 23 (CCPA 1952).

With respect to claims 32, and 36 the ramp is made of an elastomeric material (column 2, lines 2-3 and column 3, lines 54-63).

2. Claims 27 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaftner in view of Rech as applied to claim 26 and 29 above, and further in view of Browne (US Patent 1,055,442).

The combination of paragraph 4 above discloses the claimed device except for a linear elevated obstruction on the roadway surface. Brown discloses that it is known in the art to provide a linear obstruction on the roadway surface and therefore have ramp segments that are rectangular (figure 1) in order to provide a flush fit to the obstruction to eliminate harsh driving conditions. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the

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invention was made to provide the combination of paragraph 4 above with the shape of Browne, in order to provide a flush fit to the obstruction to eliminate harsh driving conditions.

3. Claims 35 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaftner in view of Rech as applied to claim 25 and 29 above, and further in view of Browne (US Patent 1,055,442)

The combination of paragraph 4 above discloses the claimed device except for fastener opening with fasteners. Brown discloses that it is known in the art to provide a fastener opening and fastener (8, 9, figure 2) in order to keep the ramp device in place during use. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the combination of paragraph 4 above with the fasteners openings and fastener of Browne, in order to keep the ramp device in place during use.

Conclusion

4. This is an RCE of applicant's earlier application. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application.

Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however,

event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of

this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Kristine M. Florio, formerly Kristine M. Markovich, whose telephone

number is (703) 305-1676. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 8:30 am to

5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Thomas B. Will, can be reached on (703) 308-3870. The fax phone number for this

Group is (703)305-3597.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-1113.

Thomas B. Will

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Group 3600

KMF

May 30, 2003

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